Ku-Band Redundant LNB Systems

Introduction

Redundant LNB systems minimize system downtime due to LNB failure by providing a spare LNB and an automatic means of switching to the spare upon failure of a primary LNB. A 1:1 system provides one spare LNB for one primary LNB. A 1:2 system provides one spare LNB for either of two primary LNBs. The systems consist of an outdoor plate assembly which mounts at the antenna hub and an indoor control panel.

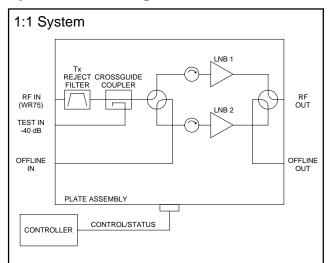
Plate Assembly Features

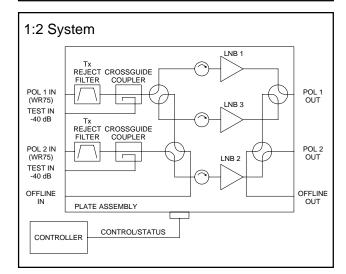
- Norsat PLL LNBs
- High quality dual waveguide/coaxial switches
- Manual override
- Waveguide input flanges
- Tx reject filter(s), coupler(s), offline I/O, and input isolator options available

Control Panel Features

- Standard 19" rack panel, 31/2" high
- Dual, redundant power supplies
- Worldwide universal AC input capability
- Manual or automatic operation
- Monitors LNB bias currents to detect faults
- Automatically switches to standby LNB when fault occurs
- RS-232/-422/-485 and parallel I/O M&C interfaces
- Audible alarm

System Block Diagrams









C4 Systems

System Specifications *

BRK-1000 Systems

Parameter	Notes	Min	Nom/Typt	Max	Units
Input Frequency Range	Band A Band B Band D	11.70 10.95 12.25		12.20 11.70 12.75	GHz GHz GHz
Output Frequency Range	Bands A, D Band B	950 950		1450 1700	MHz MHz
Noise Temperature, System	At +23 °C Versus temperature		See Table 1 See Table 2		
Gain	Standard LNB	55	60		dB
Gain Flatness	Per 27 MHz			±0.50	dB
Gain Stability	Per day, constant temp Versus temperature		-0.06	±0.25	dB dB/°C
VSWR	Input, no isolator(s) Input, with isolator(s) Input with isolator(s) and		2.00 1.25	1.30	:1 :1
	Tx reject filter(s) Output (75 ohm)		1.30 1.80	1.35 2.00	:1 :1
PowerOutput	At 1 dB compression	+2	+5		dBm
Third Order Intercept	Output (OIP ₃)	+12	+15		dBm
Local Oscillator Frequency	Band A Band B Band D		10.75 10.00 11.30		GHz GHz GHz
Frequency Stability	-40 to +60 °C		±10		kHz
Phase Noise	100 Hz Offset 1 kHz Offset 10 kHz Offset 100 kHz Offset		-65 -75 -80 -90		dBc/Hz dBc/Hz dBc/Hz dBc/Hz
Maximum Input Power	Without damage			0	dBm
Desensitization Threshold for 13.75-14.5 GHz in	No Tx filter(s) With Tx filter(s)			-20 +30	dBm dBm
Connectors	RF Input RF Output Offline In, Coupler In Offline Out	WR	75F Waveguide Fla Type F Female Type N Female Type F Female	inge	
Temperature Range	Switch Plate Assy	-40		+60	°C

† When there is only one value on a line, this column is a nominal value. Otherwise it is a typical value. Typical values are intended to illustrate typical performance, but are not guaranteed.

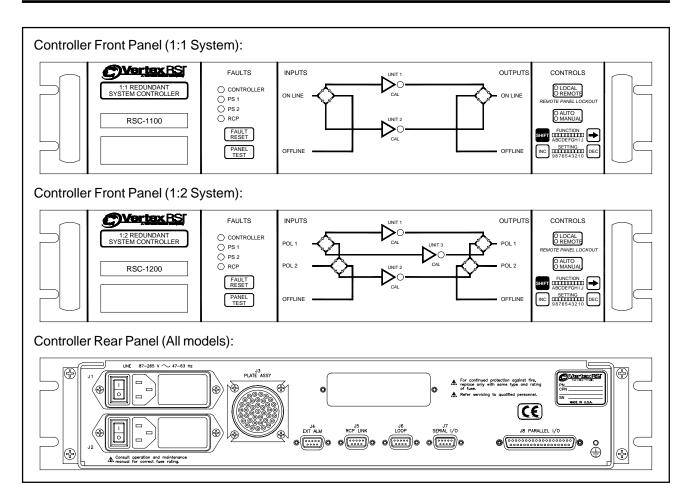
* System specifications depend on choice of LNB and various options. Specifications shown are for a typical system using commercially available LNBs.

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BRK-		Stan	dardsys	stem inclu	ides:	
			Plate	Cable	O&M	Tes
	LNBs	Controller	Assy	Assy	Manuals	Data
□ 1100 = 1:1 System	2	1	1	100 ft	1	X
☐ 1200 = 1:2 System	3	1	1	100 ft	1	>
LNB Model number:						
Options Available:						
Cable length ft or		Remote C		-	>)	
(Up to 500 ft [150 m] in 50 ft increments	s) <u></u>	Cable for			(Lin to	
Waveguide Input Isolator(s)		4000 ft [12		m n 50 ft inci		
Transmit Reject Filter(s) Input Crossguide Coupler(s)		Additional	-		-	
□ 40 dB (std), □ dB		±48 Vdc P			.y	_
Offline LNB Input/Output Ports						
	2 K to Standa	rd Configuration				
With Waveguide Isolator(s) Add 1 Example: For a 1:1 system with 75 K LNBs, wave +23 °C is given by: T _{SYS} = 75 K (LNB) + * VertexRSI has found that commercial Ku-band	I0 K to Stand guide isolator 10 K (Standai LNBs may m	d configuratio	tion filter, the n) + 10 K 15K highe	(isolator) + er than state	13 K (filter)	
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With Waveguide Isolator(s)Add 1Example: For a 1:1 system with 75 K LNBs, wave +23 °C is given by: $T_{SYS} = 75$ K (LNB) +* VertexRSI has found that commercial Ku-band temperature. Consequently, VertexRSI cannot g Table 2 — Noise Temperature vs. Ar Noise temperature vs. ambient temperature can be found from the equationNoise temperature vs. ambient temperature can be found from the equationNT_2 NT_1For the case where T1 = 296 K (+23 °C), the ratio NT2/NT1 is shown in the table at right for both LNBs (n = 1.8) and for paresive larges (n = 1.0);Ambient Temperature 0 +23	10 K to Stand guide isolator 10 K (Standar LNBs may m guarantee sys mbient Te $\left(\frac{T_2}{T_1}\right)^n$ re $n = 1.8$ r NT_2/NT_1 N 0.86 1.00	ard Configuration and Tx rejected rd configuration easure up to stem noise per mperature where M M_{T_2/NT_1} $T_{LNB} = 1.0$ M_{T_2/NT_1} $T_{LNB} = 1.0$ M_{T_2/NT_1} $T_{LNB} = 1.0$ M_{T_2/NT_1} M_{T_2/NT_1} $M_{T_2/$	tion filter, the n) + 10 K 15K higher rformance $T_2 = Nec T_1 = Nec T_1 = Nec T_1 = Te n = 1.1 = 80 K at + C; thus Ts, 0°C?$	(isolator) + er than state e. bise Temperat bise Temperat emperature 2 i emperature 1 i 8 for LNB, 1.0 system with T 23 °C, passiv rs = 103 K at +	13 K (filter) d noise ture at T_2 ture at T_1 in K in K 0 for passive ix filter and 80 e losses = 23 -23 °C. What	Iosse OKLN Kat is T _{sys}
With Waveguide Isolator(s)Add 1Example: For a 1:1 system with 75 K LNBs, wave +23 °C is given by: $T_{SYS} = 75$ K (LNB) +* VertexRSI has found that commercial Ku-band temperature. Consequently, VertexRSI cannot g Table 2 — Noise Temperature vs. Ar Noise temperature vs. ambient temperature can be found from the equationNoise temperature vs. ambient temperature can be found from the equationNT_2 NT_1For the case where T1 = 296 K (+23 °C), the ratio NT2/NT1 is shown in the table at right for heth LNBs (n = 1 \$) and for.	10 K to Stand guide isolator 10 K (Standar LNBs may m guarantee sys mbient Te $\left(\frac{T_2}{T_1}\right)^n$	ard Configuration and Tx rejected rd configuration easure up to stem noise per mperature where M M_{T_2/NT_1} $T_{LNB} = 1.0$ M_{T_2/NT_1} $T_{LNB} = 1.0$ M_{T_2/NT_1} $T_{LNB} = 1.0$ M_{T_2/NT_1} M_{T_2/NT_1} M_{T_2/NT_1} M_{T_2/NT_1} M_{T_2/NT_1} $M_{T_2/$	tion filter, the n) + 10 K 15K higher rformance $T_2 = Nec T_1 = Nec T_1 = Nec T_1 = Te n = 1.4 = 80 K at + C; thus Ts, 0 °C? the table,$	(isolator) + er than state e. Dise Temperatorise Temperatorise Temperature 2 i emperature 1 i 8 for LNB, 1.0 system with T 23 °C, passiv	13 K (filter) d noise ture at T_2 ture at T_1 in K in K 0 for passive Tx filter and 80 e losses = 23 -23 °C. What 0 °C = 1.17 for	Iosses OKLN Kat is T _{sys}

GENERAL DYNAMICS

C4 Systems



Specifications	Controller
LNB Status Monitor Method	Control panel monitors LNB bias current. Alarm is generated if current goes outside of allowed tolerance window.
Window Width	±5% to ±25% of nominal; software selectable in 5% steps
Switchover Time	100 ms
Serial I/O: Interface Connector	RS-232/RS-422/RS-485 2- or 4-wire 9-Pin D, female
Parallel I/O: Status outputs Control inputs Connector	Form 'C' dry contacts; 100 Vdc, 0.5 A, 3 W max (resistive load) Contact closures to ground; withstand 15 V, sink 20 mA 37-pin D, male
Controller Dimensions	19" (483 mm) W x 3.47" (88.1 mm) H x 17.5" (445 mm) D; 25 lb (11.4 kg)
Chassis Slides	Standard
Cable Length to Plate Assy	100 ft (30 m) to 250 ft (75 m) available
AC Input	87-265 Vac, 47–63 Hz, 100 W. Dual AC inputs and dual redundant power supplies.
Operating Temperature Range	0 to +50 °C

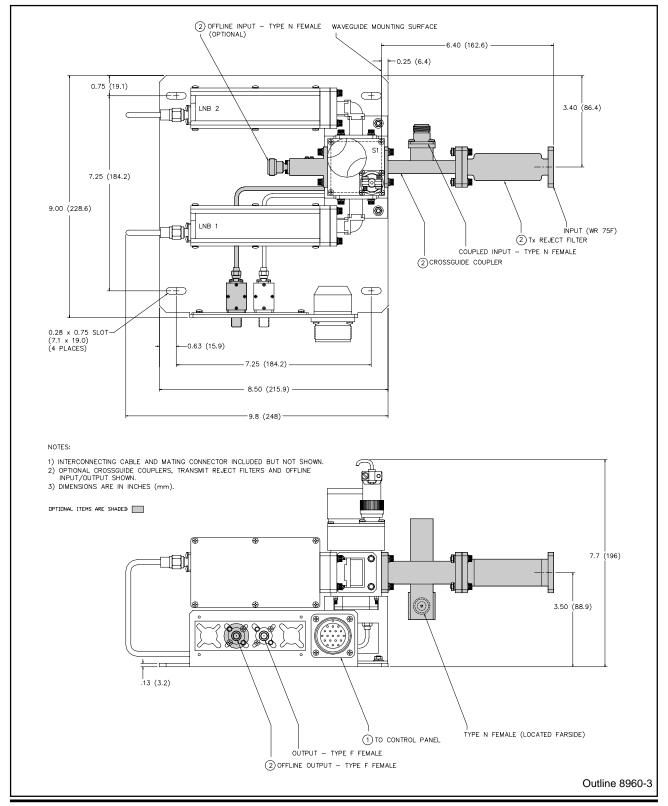
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Front Panel Controls and Indicators		
LNB Status Alarms	LED Indicators glow green when OK, red when an LNB fault is detected.	
PS1, PS2 Indicators	Glow red to show fault with dual redundant power supplies.	
Panel Test Pushbutton	Lights all indicators & test audible alarm.	
Unit Pushbuttons and Indicators	Pushbuttons are used to manually switch the LNBs. Arrow indicators show which LNBs are switched on-line. Unit indicators light red to show faulted LNBs. In 1:1 systems, LNB1 is normally the primary LNB and LNB2 is on standby. In 1:2 systems, LNB1 and LNB2 are the primary LNBs for Polarization 1 and Polarization 2, respectively. LNB3 is the standby LNB and can be selected for either polarization.	
Auto/Manual Switch and Indicators	In Auto mode, an LNB failure initiates automatic switchover to the standby LNB. In manual mode, the on-line LNB can be selected from the front panel.	
Remote/Local Switch and Indicators	Selects either local control, or remote control from serial I/O, parallel I/O, or remote panel.	

Rear Panel I/O Interface			
LINE 1 - J1, LINE 2 - J2	Dual power entry modules contain the AC line input connector, fuses, and power switch. System can be powered from separate AC lines if desired. Either or both power supplies are capable of operating the system.		
TO PLATE ASSEMBLY - J3	Cable to antenna plate assembly carries LNB power and switch drive signals. System normally supplied with 100 feet of control cable; other lengths are optional.		
Parallel I/O - J8	Parallel I/O connection for customer control or monitoring. Capable of controlling all features of the system except remote/local switch.		
	Form 'C' relay contact outputs (1:1 systems):• LNB1 status• PS1 status• Auto/Manual mode• LNB2 status• PS2 status• Local/Remote mode• Switch position• Suitch position• Auto/Manual mode		
	Control inputs—contact closure to ground (1:1 systems): • LNB1 select • LNB2 select • Auto/Manual select		
	Form 'C' relay contact outputs (1:2 systems):• LNB1 status• PS1 status• Auto/Manual mode• LNB2 status• PS2 status• Pol. 1: LNB1 or LNB3• LNB3 status• Local/Remote mode• Pol. 2: LNB2 or LNB3		
	Control inputs—contact closure to ground (1:2 systems): • Pol. 1: LNB1 select • Pol. 2: LNB2 select • Pol. 1: LNB3 select • Pol. 2: LNB3 select		
Serial I/O and Loop - J6 & J7	RS-232/RS-422/RS-485 connectors for user M&C System. Commands provide monitoring, controlling, and configuration.		
RCP Link - J5	For optional Remote Control panel, which duplicates all front panel functions.		
External Alarm - J4	External Alarm inputs. Substitute for or combine with internal LNB current monitor alarms. Allows an external signal to indicate LNB failure. Unused inputs can be used as status inputs to M&C system.		

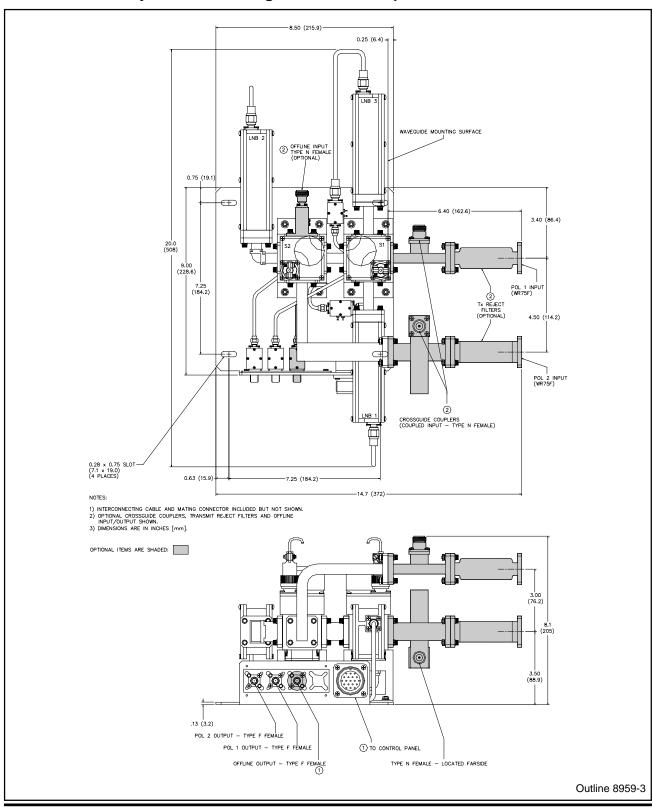
GENERAL DYNAMICS

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1:1 Plate Assembly Outline Drawing, with Various Options Installed

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1:2 Plate Assembly Outline Drawing, with Various Options Installed

Vertex RSI 11673 E 7

GENERAL DYNAMICS

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OTHER VertexRSI PRODUCTS

- Low Noise Amplifiers and LNA Systems
- Solid-State Power Amplifiers and SSPA Systems
- General Purpose Converters
- Satellite Communications Equipment
- Custom Subsystems



11673 Rev. E ECR 6740 9/20/05 GLK Specifications are subject to change at VertexRSI's discretion.